

Least Squares Linear Regression

Important Formulas

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \bar{X} = \hat{\mu}; \quad S_x^2 = \hat{\sigma}^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 \quad \underline{\text{Most famous statistics}}$$

\textcircled{2} \quad Sample Covariance (S_{XY}) and correlation coefficient (r)

$$r = \hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{X_i - \bar{X}}{S_X} \right) \left(\frac{Y_i - \bar{Y}}{S_Y} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{S_X S_Y} \right) \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y}) = \frac{S_{XY}}{S_X S_Y}$$

Coefficient of determination r^2 = fraction of variation in y explained by regression y on x = $\frac{\text{Var}(\hat{y})}{\text{Var}(y)}$

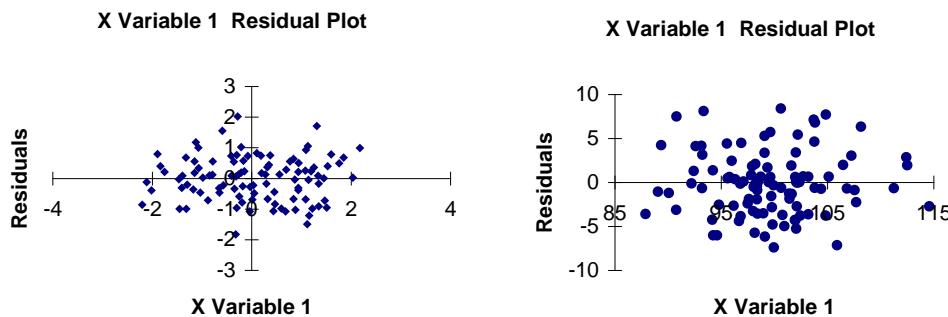
There are alternative formulas.²

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \text{Regression Line: } \hat{y} = a + bx, \quad \begin{cases} b = r \frac{s_y}{s_x} \\ a = \bar{y} - b\bar{x} \end{cases}$$

NOTE: Slope of regression line $m \propto r$

\textcircled{4} \quad Residuals (errors): $e_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i$, Or $e = y - \hat{y} = y - a - bx$

$$\sum e^2 = \sum (y - a - bx)^2 = \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$



¹ Alternate: $S_{XY} = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i Y_i - \frac{n}{n-1} \bar{X} \bar{Y}$

² Alternate $b = \frac{\sum XY - \sum X \cdot \bar{Y}}{\sum X^2 - \bar{X} \sum X}$, and all the other formulas in your book.